115th CONGRESS 2d Session

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- To require the Comptroller General of the United States to carry out a study on how virtual currencies and online marketplaces are used to buy, sell, or facilitate the financing of goods or services associated with sex trafficking or drug trafficking, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. CORTEZ MASTO (for herself and Mr. TOOMEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To require the Comptroller General of the United States to carry out a study on how virtual currencies and online marketplaces are used to buy, sell, or facilitate the financing of goods or services associated with sex trafficking or drug trafficking, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Fight Illicit Networks5 and Detect Trafficking Act" or the "FIND Trafficking6 Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

3 (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Admin4 istration (DEA) 2017 National Drug Threat Assess5 ment, transnational criminal organizations are in6 creasingly using virtual currencies.

7 (2) The Treasury Department has recognized 8 that: "The development of virtual currencies is an 9 attempt to meet a legitimate market demand. Ac-10 cording to a Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago econ-11 omist, United States consumers want payment op-12 tions that are versatile and that provide immediate 13 finality. No United States payment method meets 14 that description, although cash may come closest. 15 Virtual currencies can mimic cash's immediate final-16 ity and anonymity and are more versatile than cash 17 for online and cross-border transactions, making vir-18 tual currencies vulnerable for illicit transactions.".

19 (3) Virtual currencies have become a prominent
20 method to pay for goods and services associated with
21 illegal sex trafficking and drug trafficking, which are
22 two of the most detrimental and troubling illegal ac23 tivities facilitated by online marketplaces.

24 (4) Online marketplaces, including the dark25 web, have become a prominent platform to buy, sell,

1	and advertise for illicit goods and services associated
2	with sex trafficking and drug trafficking.
3	(5) According to the International Labour Or-
4	ganization, in 2016, 4.8 million people in the world
5	were victims of forced sexual exploitation, and in
6	2014, the global profit from commercial sexual ex-
7	ploitation was \$99 billion.
8	(6) In 2016, within the United States, the Cen-
9	ter for Disease Control estimated that there were
10	64,000 deaths related to drug overdose, and the
11	most severe increase in drug overdoses were those
12	associated with fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (syn-
13	thetic opioids), which amounted to over 20,000 over-
14	dose deaths.
15	(7) According to the United States Department
16	of the Treasury 2015 National Money Laundering
17	Risk Assessment, an estimated \$64 billion is gen-
18	erated annually from United States drug trafficking
19	sales.
20	(8) Illegal fentanyl in the United States origi-
21	nates primarily from China, and it is readily avail-
22	able to purchase through online marketplaces.
23	SEC. 3. GAO STUDY.
24	(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of
25	the United States shall conduct a study on how virtual

currencies and online marketplaces are used to facilitate
 sex and drug trafficking. The study shall consider—

3 (1) how online marketplaces, including the dark 4 web, are being used as platforms to buy, sell, or fa-5 cilitate the financing of goods or services associated 6 with sex trafficking or drug trafficking (specifically, 7 opioids and synthetic opioids, including fentanyl, 8 fentanyl analogs, and any precursor chemicals asso-9 ciated with manufacturing fentanyl or fentanyl 10 analogs) destined for, originating from, or within the 11 United States;

(2) how financial payment methods, including
virtual currencies and peer-to-peer mobile payment
services, are being utilized by online marketplaces to
facilitate the buying, selling, or financing of goods
and services associated with sex or drug trafficking
destined for, originating from, or within the United
States;

(3) how virtual currencies are being used to facilitate the buying, selling, or financing of goods and
services associated with sex or drug trafficking, destined for, originating from, or within the United
States, when an online platform is not otherwise involved;

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(4) how illicit funds that have been transmitted
 online and through virtual currencies are repatriated
 into the formal banking system of the United States
 through money laundering or other means;

5 (5) the participants (state and non-state actors) 6 throughout the entire supply chain that participate 7 in or benefit from the buying, selling, or financing 8 of goods and services associated with sex or drug 9 trafficking (either through online marketplaces or 10 virtual currencies) destined for, originating from, or 11 within the United States;

(6) Federal and State agency efforts to impede
the buying, selling, or financing of goods and services associated with sex or drug trafficking destined
for, originating from, or within the United States,
including efforts to prevent the proceeds from sex or
drug trafficking from entering the United States
banking system;

19 (7) how virtual currencies and their underlying
20 technologies can be used to detect and deter these
21 illicit activities; and

(8) to what extent can the immutable and
traceable nature of virtual currencies contribute to
the tracking and prosecution of illicit funding.

1 (b) SCOPE.—For the purposes of the study required 2 under subsection (a), the term "sex trafficking" means the 3 recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtain-4 ing, patronizing, or soliciting of a person for the purpose 5 of a commercial sex act that is induced by force, fraud, 6 or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform 7 such act has not attained 18 years of age.

8 (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year 9 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller 10 General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the 11 12 Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the 13 House of Representatives a report summarizing the results of the study required under subsection (a), together 14 15 with any recommendations for legislative or regulatory action that would improve the efforts of Federal agencies 16 to impede the use of virtual currencies and online market-17 places in facilitating sex and drug trafficking. 18